

## **Refrigerator Coil Maintenance**

If the coils on your refrigerator or freezer are dirty, you're probably paying more to operate these than you need. The air in your home contains dust and dirt particles that can cling to your refrigerator coils over time, reducing the airflow across these coils. This restriction in airflow will decrease the coil's effectiveness by increasing heat retention for the refrigerator. The unit will have to work harder and use more energy to cool. You can reduce these effects by cleaning the coils on a regular basis (typically every six months).

### **Trust Master Clean & Green Maintenance Process**

- Locate refrigerator coils. Some coils are under the refrigerator while others are located on the rear of the unit.
- Unplug refrigerator.
- Access refrigerator coils by sliding the refrigerator away from the wall (if water line hookup is present be careful not to damage line) or removing the lower kick plate depending on unit type.
- Spread drop cloth on the floor to collect the removed dirt and dust.
- Vacuum and brush (with coil brush) between coils and fan blades to loosen lint buildup.
- Use coil spray as necessary.
- Replace lower kick plate or move refrigerator back to normal location and plug-in refrigerator.